

## FISH PASSAGE CENTER

**1827** NE 44<sup>th</sup> Ave., Suite 240, Portland, OR 97213 Phone: (503) 230-4099 Fax: (503) 230-7559

> http://www.fpc.org e-mail us at fpcstaff@fpc.org

December 21, 2011

Mr. Todd Garlie Idaho Department of Fish and Game Pahsimeroi Hatchery 71 Fish Hatchery Lane May, ID 83253

Dear Todd-

The Fish Passage Center has been marking summer Chinook from Pahsimeroi Hatchery over the last several years as part of the Comparative Survival Study (CSS). For purposes of these studies data are collected on either the juvenile life stage, or both the juvenile and adult life stages. The CSS is a multi-year program that estimates survival rates over different life stages for spring and summer Chinook and steelhead produced in major hatcheries. We would like to share with you some of the information we developed under these studies for the fish used from Pahsimeroi Hatchery in 2011 and past years.

With the marking efforts over the past several years, information on the timing and migration speed from the hatchery to Lower Granite Dam is available. In addition, as part of the CSS study, juvenile survival estimates are developed for the hydrosystem between Lower Granite and Bonneville Dams, as well as survival to adulthood of different passage histories.

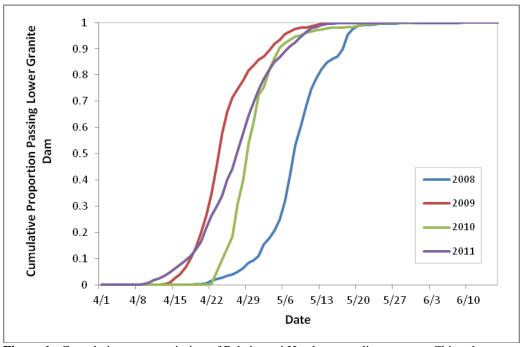
Table 1 provides estimates of minimum, median, and maximum travel times for each year's release to Lower Granite Dam. Also provided are estimates of the 95% confidence limits around the estimated median travel time. In addition, we are providing you with the estimated 10%, 50%, and 90% passage dates of yearling summer Chinook (Table 2) juveniles at Lower Granite Dam for each of the years of tagging. Figure 1 provides an illustration of the arrival timing at Lower Granite Dam for each migration year (2008-2011).

**Table 1.** Travel times (release to LGR) of Pahsimeroi Hatchery yearling summer Chinook.

Migration	Release	Travel Time (Days)			95% Confidence Limits		
Year	Date	Min	Med	Max	Lower	Upper	
2008	3/31	18.6	38.2	153.4	37.9	38.3	
2009	3/30	13.3	24.8	52.3	24.6	24.9	
2010	3/30	21.4	30.5	66.6	30.5	30.6	
2011	4/1	7.3	26.8	62.4	26.6	27.0	

**Table 2.** Estimated 10%, 50%, and 90% passage dates of PIT-tagged Pahsimeroi Hatchery yearling summer Chinook at Lower Granite Dam.

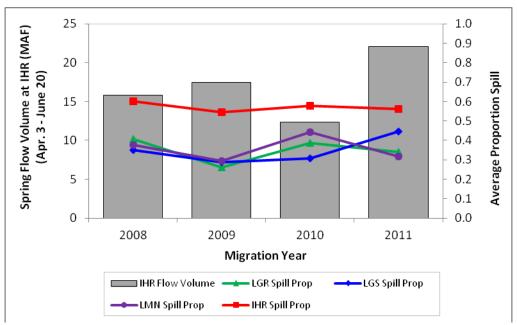
Migration Release Year Date(s)		10% Passage Date	50% Passage Date	90% Passage Date	
2008	3/31	1-May	8-May	18-May	
2009	3/30	19-Apr	24-Apr	4-May	
2010	3/30	25-Apr	29-Apr	5-May	
2011	4/1	18-Apr	27-Apr	7-May	



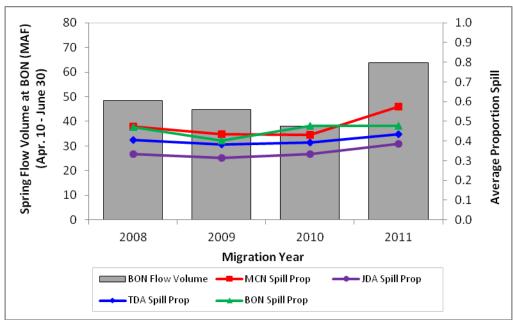
**Figure 1.** Cumulative passage timing of Pahsimeroi Hatchery yearling summer Chinook to Lower Granite Dam.

Figures 2 and 3 are provided below to illustrate the out-migration conditions that these spring migrants may have experienced in the Snake and Lower Columbia rivers. Figure 2 provides the total spring flow volume (Apr. 3-June 20) for the Snake River (as measured at Ice Harbor), along with the average spring spill proportions at each of Lower Granite, Little Goose, Lower Monumental, and Ice Harbor dams, for each migration year. Figure 3 provides the total spring flow volume (Apr. 10-June 30) for the Lower Columbia (as measured at Bonneville),

along with the average spring spill proportions at each of McNary, John Day, The Dalles, and Bonneville dams, for each migration year.



**Figure 2.** Total spring flow volume in the Snake River (at Ice Harbor Dam) and average spill proportion at Lower Granite, Little Goose, Lower Monumental, and Ice Harbor dams. Spring period in the Snake River is April 3-June 20.



**Figure 3.** Total spring flow volume in the Lower Columbia River (at Bonneville Dam) and average spill proportion at McNary, John Day, The Dalles, and Bonneville dams. Spring period in the Lower Columbia River is April 10-June 30.

Finally, the table below contains estimates calculated in the CSS study of juvenile survival in the hydrosystem between Lower Granite and Bonneville Dams and the survival to adulthood of summer Chinook (Table 3) in several categories. Those categories are SAR(T), SAR(C<sub>0</sub>), and Overall SAR<sub>LGR-to-LGR</sub>, where SAR(T) represents smolts transported from Lower Granite, Little Goose, or Lower Monumental Dam, SAR(C<sub>0</sub>) represents smolts migrating in river (undetected at Snake River transportation collector sites), and the Overall SAR<sub>LGR-to-LGR</sub> is an estimate that is obtained by taking the proportion of the total population of smolts (tagged and untagged) at Lower Granite Dam in each study category and multiplying by the respective study category's SAR<sub>LGR-to-LGR</sub>. The Overall SAR<sub>LGR-to-LGR</sub> includes fish that were bypassed during non-transport operations (C<sub>1</sub>) and is, in effect, the estimated SAR for the overall hatchery release (without jacks). The data presented in Table 3 were taken from the 2011 CSS Annual Report, which can be downloaded from the FPC webpage <a href="http://www.fpc.org/documents/CSS.html">http://www.fpc.org/documents/CSS.html</a>.

**Table 3.** Pahsimeroi Hatchery summer Chinook survivals from CSS, as presented in the 2011 CSS Annual Report.

Juvenile					Adult Survival			
Release	Migration	Survival	Proportion	T/C	SAR(T)	$SAR(C_0)$	Overall	
 Date(s)	Year <sup>A</sup>	(LGR-BON)	Transported	Ratio	%	%	SAR <sub>LGR-to-LGR</sub>	
3/31	2008	0.513	0.539	1.23	1.53	1.24	1.27	
3/30	2009 <sup>B</sup>	0.711	0.084	1.79	0.87	0.49	0.51	
 3/30	2010 <sup>C</sup>	0.518	0.210	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Smolt migration year 2008 through 2010 use combined TWS and BWS data

We hope that the information we have provided regarding the use and application of information from the marked groups over the last several years is of some use to you. If you would like any additional information regarding these releases please feel free to contact us.

Sincerely,

Michele DeHart

Fish Passage Center Manager

Michele Sethert

Cc: Pete Hassemer, IDFG
Brian Leth, IDFG
John Cassinelli, IDFG
Stuart Rosenberger, Idaho Power
Bill Tweit, WDFW
Jay Hesse, Nez Perce
Tony Nigro, ODFW
Howard Schaller, USFWS
FPAC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Adult returns for migration year 2009 are incomplete with Age 2-salt adult returns through 9/12/2011

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> No adult returns to date, only juvenile metrics available for estimation.